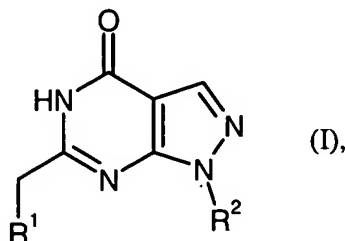


## Amended Claims (Attorney Docket No. LeA 36 520)

1. (Currently amended) A compound ~~Compounds~~ of the formula



in which

$R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl, where  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl is optionally substituted by oxo, and

where  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl and  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl are optionally substituted by up to 3 radicals independently of one another selected from the group of  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, amino, nitro, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylamino, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio,

where

$C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylamino,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio are optionally substituted by one to three radicals independently of one another selected from the group of hydroxy, cyano, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxycarbonyl and a group of the formula  $-NR^3R^4$ ,

where

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  are independently of one another hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,

or

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded are 5- to 8-membered heterocyclyl,

$R^2$  is phenyl or heteroaryl, where phenyl is substituted by 1 to 3 radicals and heteroaryl is optionally substituted by 1 to 3 radicals in each case independently of one another selected from the group of  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, amino, nitro, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylamino, halogen,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio,

where  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylamino,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylaminocarbonyl, hetero-arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio are optionally substituted by one to three radicals independently of one another selected from the group of hydroxy, cyano, halogen, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxycarbonyl and a group of the formula  $-NR^3R^4$ ,

where

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  have the meanings indicated above,

~~and the~~ or salts, solvates and/or solvates of the salts thereof.

2. (Currently amended) The compound ~~Compounds according to~~ of Claim 1, where

$R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_8$ -alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$ -alkynyl or  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl, which are optionally substituted by up to 3 radicals independently of one another selected from the group of  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, amino, nitro, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylamino, halogen,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -

arylamino, heteroarylamino, heteroarylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio,

where C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylamino, heteroarylamino, heteroarylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio are optionally substituted by a radical selected from the group of hydroxy, cyano, halogen, hydroxycarbonyl and a group of the formula -NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>,

where

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently of one another hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

or

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded are 5- to 8-membered heterocyclyl,

R<sup>2</sup> is phenyl or heteroaryl, where phenyl is substituted by 1 to 3 radicals and heteroaryl is optionally substituted by 1 to 3 radicals in each case independently of one another selected from the group of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, trifluoromethyl, amino, nitro, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, halogen, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylamino, heteroarylamino, heteroarylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio,

where C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylamino, heteroarylamino, heteroarylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio are optionally substituted by a radical selected from the group of hydroxy, cyano, halogen, hydroxycarbonyl and a group of formula -NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>,

where

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  have the meanings indicated above,

~~and the~~ or salts, solvates and/or solvates of the salts thereof.

3. (Currently amended) A compound ~~Compounds according to~~ of Claims 1 ~~and 2~~, where

$R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_5$ -alkyl or  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl, which are optionally substituted by up to 3 radicals independently of one another selected from the group of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, amino, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylamino, trifluoromethyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylsulphonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylsulphonyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylthio,

where  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy are optionally substituted by a radical selected from the group of hydroxy, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, hydroxycarbonyl and a group of the formula  $-NR^3R^4$ ,

where

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  are independently hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,

or

$R^3$  and  $R^4$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded are 5- to 6-membered heterocyclyl,

$R^2$  is phenyl, pyrimidyl, pyridyl N-oxide or pyridyl, where phenyl is substituted by 1 to 3 radicals and pyrimidyl, pyridyl N-oxide and pyridyl are optionally substituted by 1 to 3 radicals in each case independently of one another selected from the group of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl, cyano, trifluoromethyl, amino, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylamino, fluorine, chlorine, bromine,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylsulphonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylsulphonyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylthio,

where C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy are optionally substituted by a radical selected from the group of hydroxy, cyano, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, hydroxy-carbonyl and a group of the formula -NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>,

where

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

~~and the~~ or salts, solvates and/or solvates of the salts thereof.

4. (Currently amended) A compound ~~Compounds according to~~ of Claims 1 ~~to 3~~, where

R<sup>1</sup> has the meanings indicated in Claims 1 ~~to 3~~, and

R<sup>2</sup> is phenyl, pyridyl N-oxide or pyridyl, where phenyl is substituted by 1 to 3 radicals and pyridyl and pyridyl N-oxide are optionally substituted by 1 to 3 radicals in each case independently of one another selected from the group of methyl, ethyl, 2-propyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, fluorine and chlorine,

~~and the~~ or salts, solvates and/or solvates of the salts thereof.

5. (Currently amended) A compound ~~Compounds according to~~ Claims 1 ~~to 4~~, where

R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, which are optionally substituted by up to 3 radicals independently of one another selected from the group of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, trifluoromethyl, fluorine, hydroxy, phenylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl ~~or~~ and phenylaminocarbonyl,

and

R<sup>2</sup> is phenyl, pyridyl N-oxide or pyridyl, where phenyl is substituted by 1 to 3 radicals and pyridyl and pyridyl N-oxide are optionally substituted by 1 to 3 radicals in each case independently of one another selected from the group of methyl, ethyl, 2-propyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, fluorine and chlorine,

~~and the~~ or salts, solvates and/or solvates of the salts thereof.

6. (Currently amended) ~~A compound~~ Compounds according to Claims 1 to 5, where

$R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_5$ -alkyl or  $C_5$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl, which are optionally substituted by up to 3 radicals independently of one another selected from the group of  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, fluorine, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, phenylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylcarbonylamino,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylaminocarbonyl ~~or~~ and phenylaminocarbonyl,

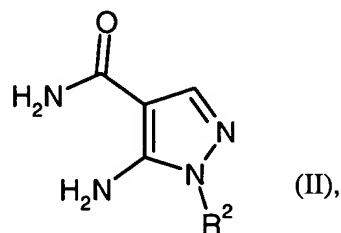
and

$R^2$  is phenyl, pyridyl N-oxide or pyridyl, where phenyl is substituted by one radical and pyridyl and pyridyl N-oxide are optionally substituted by one radical in each case independently of one another selected from the group of methyl, ethyl, 2-propyl, trifluoromethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, fluorine and chlorine,

~~and the~~ or salts, solvates and/or solvates of the salts thereof.

7. (Original) Process for preparing compounds according to Claim 1, characterized in that

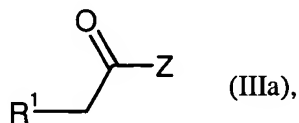
[A] compounds of the formula



in which

$R^2$  has the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

are converted by reaction with a compound of the formula

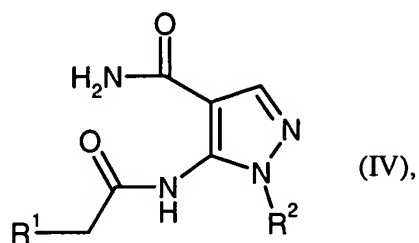


in which  $R^1$  has the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

and

Z is chlorine or bromine,

in an inert solvent and in the presence of a base, initially into compounds of the formula



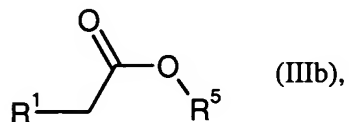
in which

R¹ and R² have the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

and then cyclized in an inert solvent in the presence of a base to compounds of the formula (I),

or

[B] compounds of the formula (II) are reacted with a compound of the formula



in which

R¹ has the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

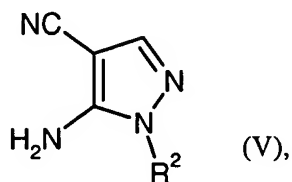
and

R⁵ is methyl or ethyl,

in an inert solvent and in the presence of a base, with direct cyclization to (I),

or

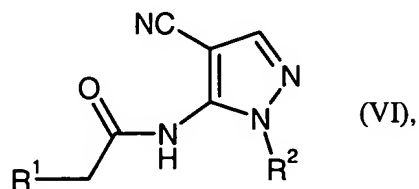
[C] compounds of the formula



in which

$R^2$  has the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

are converted initially by reaction with a compound of the formula (IIIa) in an inert solvent and in the presence of a base into compounds of the formula



in which

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  have the meanings indicated in Claim 1,

and the latter are cyclized in a second step in an inert solvent and in the presence of a base and of an oxidizing agent to (I),

and the resulting compounds of the formula (I) are where appropriate reacted with the appropriate (i) solvents and/or (ii) bases or acids to give their solvates, salts and/or solvates of the salts.

8. (Cancelled).
9. (Currently amended) ~~Medicament~~ A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one of the compounds ~~according to~~ of any of Claims 1 to 6 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable, essentially non-toxic carrier or excipient.
10. (Cancelled).
11. (Cancelled).
12. (Cancelled).
13. (Currently amended) ~~Method~~ A method for ~~controlling the treatment of~~ impairments of perception, concentration, learning and/or memory in humans or animals ~~by comprising~~ administering an effective amount of compounds from a compound of any of Claims 1 to 6.
14. (Currently amended) ~~Method according to~~ The method of Claim 13, where the impairment is a consequence of Alzheimer's disease.